**Opening of Ayurvedic/Homoeopathic hospitals**

†2065. SHRI BALAVANT *ALIAS* BAL APTE:
SHRI SHREEGOPAL VYAS:
SHRI ANIL MADHAV DAVE:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic hospitals and dispensaries in the country, State-wise as on date;

(b) whether Government proposes to open new Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic hospitals and dispensaries in the country during the current financial year;

(c) if so, the details thereof and the names of places identified for this purpose State-wise and amount allocated during the current financial year;

(d) whether Government has received any proposal from the private sector companies in this regard;

(e) if so, the details thereof; and

(f) what efforts have been made by Government to popularize the Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic system of medicine in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI S. GANDHISELVAN): (a) A Statement indicating the State-wise position, is attached in the Statement-I. (*See* below)

(b) and (c) No. However under the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), States/UTs Government are being assisted for collocation of AYUSH facilities in the existing the Primary Health Centres (PHC), Community Health Centres (CHC) and District Hospitals (DH).

As per the NRHM Programme Implementation Plan. (PIP), states wise position of AYUSH units proposed to be collocated and amount allocated for the purpose during 2009-10 is enclosed in the Statement-II. (*See* below)

(d) No.

(e) Does not arise.

(f) (i) Department of AYUSH is providing assistance to the States and UTs Government for collocation of AYUSH facilities in the PHCs/CHCs/DHs, supply of essential medicine and upgradation of the existing Government AYUSH Hospitals.

(ii) A number of National Campaigns such as for Geriatric Health Care in Ayurveda, Mother and Child Health Care in Homoeopathy have been taken up for extending benefits of AYUSH health care of proven efficacy to the people at large.

(iii) Information, education and coordination activities have been taken up through print and electronic media as well as organization of AROGYA fair for generating mass awareness on the benefits of the AYUSH health care system.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

***Statement-I***

*State-wise/System-wise Number of Hospitals and Dispensaries under Ayurveda and Homoeopathy (As on 1.4.2008)*

| Sl. No. | States/UTs/ Others | Ayurveda | | | Homoeopathy | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Hosp. | Beds | Dispen-saries | Hosp. | Beds | Dispen-saries |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| **A.** | **States/UTs** | | | | | | |
| 1. | Andhra Pradesh | 9 | 604 | 557 | 6 | 300 | 286 |
| 2. | Arunachal Pradesh | 1 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 44 |
| 3. | Assam | 1 | 100 | 380 | 3 | 105 | 75 |
| 4. | Bihar | 11 | 1356 | 311 | 11 | 510 | 179 |
| 5. | Chhattisgarh | 9 | 605 | 634 | 3 | 100 | 52 |
| 6. | Delhi | 10 | 643 | 148 | 2 | 150 | 98 |
| 7. | Goa | 1 | 25 | 77 | 1 | 25 | 59 |
| 8. | Gujarat | 47 | 1855 | 1046 | 16 | 873 | 216 |
| 9. | Haryana | 8 | 835 | 472 | 1 | 50 | 20 |
| 10. | Himachal Pradesh | 25 | 480 | 1109 | 1 | 25 | 14 |
| 11. | Jammu and Kashmir | 2 | 155 | 273 | | | |
| 12. | Jharkhand | 1 | 160 | 122 | 2 | 82 | 54 |
| 13. | Karnataka | 130 | 8567 | 561 | 21 | 697 | 43 |
| 14. | Kerala | 124 | 3987 | 740 | 33 | 1130 | 525 |
| 15. | Madhya Pradesh | 34 | 1726 | 1427 | 22 | 1055 | 146 |
| 16. | Maharashtra | 55 | 7871 | 469 | 45 | 3105 | |
| 17. | Manipur | | | | 1 | 10 | 9 |
| 18. | Meghalaya | 4 | 40 | 20 | 7 | 70 | 40 |
| 19. | Mizoram | | | | | | 1 |
| 20. | Nagaland | | | 85 | 1 | 10 | 115 |
| 21. | Orissa | 8 | 488 | 624 | 6 | 185 | 603 |
| 22. | Punjab | 15 | 1434 | 507 | 5 | 240 | 107 |

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23. | Rajasthan | 100 | 914 | 3539 | 9 | 232 | 177 |
| 24. | Sikkim | 1 | 10 | 1 | | | 1 |
| 25. | Tamil Nadu | 7 | 580 | 43 | 9 | 460 | 46 |
| 26. | Tripura | 1 | 10 | 55 | 1 | 10 | 93 |
| 27. | Uttar Pradesh | 1771 | 10288 | 340 | 8 | 650 | 1482 |
| 28. | Uttarakhand | 7 | 319 | 467 | 1 | 50 | 60 |
| 29. | West Bengal | 4 | 409 | 295 | 12 | 630 | 1220 |
| 30. | A and N Islands | 1 | 15 | 5 | 1 | 15 | 8 |
| 31. | Chandigarh | 1 | 120 | 6 | 1 | 25 | 5 |
| 32. | D and N Haveli | | | 3 | | | 1 |
| 33. | Daman and Diu | | | 1 | | | |
| 34. | Lakshadweep | | | 2 | | | 1 |
| 35. | Puducherry | 1 | 10 | 16 | | | 7 |
| | TOTAL (A) | 2389 | 43616 | 14337 | 231 | 10594 | 5787 |
| B. | CGHS and Central Government | 27 | 900 | 223 | 5 | 195 | 223 |
| | TOTAL (A+B) | 2416 | 44516 | 14560 | 236 | 10789 | 6010 |

Source: State Governments and concerned agencies.

***Statement-II***

*AYUSH facilities to provided in PHCs/CHCs/DHs to be collocated during 2009-10*

| Sl. No. | State | APHC/ PHC/ BPHC (no.s) | CHC/ SDH (nos.) | DHs (nos.) | Financial assistance (in lakhs Rs.) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1. | Andaman and Nicobar Island | | | | |
| 2. | Andhra Pradesh | | | | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3. | Arunachal Pradesh | | | | |
| 4. | Assam | | | | |
| 5. | Bihar | 250 | | | 2500.00 |
| 6. | Chandigarh | | | | |
| 7. | Chhattisgarh | | | | |
| 8. | Dadra and Nagar Haveli | | | | |
| 9. | Daman and Diu | | | | |
| 10. | Delhi | | | | |
| 11. | Goa | | | | |
| 12. | Gujarat | | | | |
| 13. | Haryana | | 40 | 21 | 1615.00 |
| 14. | Himachal Pradesh | | | | |
| 15. | Jammu and Kashmir | | | | |
| 16. | Jharkhand | 97 | 48 | | 2026.00 |
| 17. | Karnataka | | | | |
| 18. | Kerala | | | | |
| 19. | Lakshadweep | | | | |
| 20. | Madhya Pradesh | | | | |
| 21. | Maharashtra | | | | |
| 22. | Manipur | | | | |
| 23. | Meghalaya | 17 | 9 | | 323.00 |
| 24. | Mizoram | 68 | 5 | 8 | 81.00 |
| 25. | Nagaland | | | | |
| 26. | Orissa | | | | |
| 27. | Puducherry | 16 | 3 | | 45.30 |
| 28. | Punjab | 61 | | | 605.00 |
| 29. | Rajasthan | 910 | | | 932.00 |
| 30. | Sikkim | | | | |
| 31. | Tamil Nadu | 300 | | | 4666.50 |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 32. | Tripura | | | | |
| 33. | Uttar Pradesh | | | | |
| 34. | Uttarakhand | 116 | 23 | | 463.00 |
| 35. | West Bengal | | | | |
| | TOTAL | 1835 | 128 | 29 | 13256.80 |

Note: 1* Mizoram has been approved Rs. 17.00 Lakhs for Medicines to 68 PHC/CHC/DH

**Maternal mortality rate**

2066. DR. (SHRIMATI) NAJMA A. HEPTULLA:
SHRI NARESH GUJRAL:
SHRI MAHENDRA MOHAN:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is aware that estimated 78 thousand women die due to pregnancy and child birth related complications every year in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the maternal mortality rate in some States are higher and the various authorities have failed to check such rising trend; and

(d) if so, the concrete steps taken by Government to check such maternal mortality rate in the country?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) to (d) Based on the official estimates of Registrar General of India (RGI), the Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) has declined from 301 per 100,000 live births (2001-2003) to 254 per 100,000 live births (2004-06). This translates into approximately 67000 maternal deaths per year.

MMR as estimated for major states by the Registrar General of India (RGI) for the year 2001-2003 and 2004-06 is given in the Statement. (See below).

The reproductive and Child Health Programme Phase II (RCH-II) under the umbrella of the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), aims to improve access for rural people, especially poor women and children to equitable, affordable accountable and effective primary health care, with a special focus on 18 States, with the ultimate objective of reducing Infant Mortality, Maternal Mortality and Total Fertility Rates.

The key strategies and interventions under the NRHM for reduction of Maternal Mortality Ratio are:

- Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY), a cash benefit scheme to promote Institutional Delivery with a special focus on Below Poverty Line (BPL) and SC/ST pregnant women;